

ZmTech Fluo-DNA Loading Buffer

Product Information:

Contains: 6x Fluorescent DNA dye loading buffer (RNAse-free and Dnase-free, steriled). **Catalog:** LB-001, LB-001G, LB-001B, LB-001GB, LB-001BX, LB-001GR, LB-001GX

Sizes: 1.0m

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C, protected from light, stable for 1 year.

Order information (product series):

- Cat.: LB-001 contains 6x fluorescent DNA dye without loading/tracking dye
- Cat.: LB-001G contains 6x fluorescent DNA dye with loading/tracking dye (Orange G: ~50bp)
- Cat.: LB-001B contains 6x fluorescent DNA dye with loading/tracking dye (Bromophenol blue: ~400bp)
- Cat.: LB-001R contains 6x fluorescent DNA dye with loading/tracking dye (Cresol red: ~1kb)
- Cat.: LB-001GB contains 6x fluorescent DNA dye & tracking dyes (orange G / Bromophenol blue:~50- 400bp)
- Cat.: LB-001BX contains 6x fluorescent DNA dye & tracking dyes (Bromophenol blue/Xylene cyanol:400-4kb)
- Cat.: LB-001GR contains 6x fluorescent DNA dye with tracking dyes (Orange G/Cresol red: ~50bp-1kb)
- Cat.: LB-001GX contains 6x fluorescent DNA dye with tracking dyes (Orange G / Xylene cyanol: ~50bp-4kb)

Features and Benefits:

- 1. **Safe:** Non-toxic and non-genotoxicity for waste disposal, directly into the wastewater systems or clean up with water and 70% ethanol. No need to expose your skin and eyes on UV light.
- 2. **Sensitive:** Detect down to 60 ng of DNA per band with blue light and 1-5 ng of DNA per band with UV light.
- 3. **Convenient**: Visualize DNA bands with a blue light transilluminator or U.V transilluminator during/after electrophoresis in TAE/TBE buffer.
- 4. **Effective:** Eliminating ultraviolet and EtBr induced mutation or cleavage of DNA fragments.
- 5. **Compatible:** Fluorescent DNA dye can be completely removed from nucleic acids by alcohol precipitation or Qiagen QIAguick Gel Extraction, suitable for downstream cloning/sub-cloning applications.

DNA Staining Protocol:

- 1. Prepare 0.5% to 2% of agarose gel solution in 1xTAE, TBE or Borate Buffer without Ethidium Bromide in a glass flask.
- 2. Heat in the microware until the solution is completely clear and no small floating particles are visible (about 2-3 minutes). Pour the gel solution into a gel tray after cool down. After the agarose gel has solidified you can perform electrophoresis.
- 3. Add 1-2 µl of the 6X fluo- DNA loading buffer (LB-001) to 5-10 µl DNA sample or DNA marker/ladder. Mix thoroughly.
- 4. Load samples and run the gel using your standard protocol.
- 5. View DNA bands using a <u>blue light transilluminator</u> during or after electrophoresis.
- 6. Images can be taken using a blue light transilluminator or a UV transilluminator.

Technical Tips:

- 1. Loading 60ng-200ng DNA each lane is ideal for viewing DNA bands in agarose gels. Too much would affect the DNA migration.
- 2. Mix well the DNA samples or ladders with 6x fluo-DNA loading buffer by pipetting up and down for several times.
- 3. For removing Fluo-DNA dye from DNA samples by simple ethanol precipitation: add NaCl to a final concentration of 250mM, and then add 0.7 volume of pure ethanol to precipitate DNA, incubate on ice or -20°C for 20 minutes and spin down DNA at 4°C for 10 minutes, discard supernatant and dissolve DNA in TE buffer (10 mM Tris-Cl, pH 7.5; 1 mM EDTA).
- 4. Loading/tracking dye information:

Colour dye	0.5-1.5% agarose	2.0-3.0% agarose	CAS number	Cat. No
Xylene cyanol	10'000-4000 bp	750-200 bp	2650-17-1	Sigma X4126
Cresol Red	2000-1000 bp	200-125 bp	62625-29-0	Sigma 114480
Bromophenol blue	500-400 bp	150-50 bp		Sigma B8026
Orange G	<100 bp			Sigma O3756

Precautions and Disclaimer: This product and procedure described are intended for R&D use only. Purchase of this product does not convey a license to perform any patented process. Contact us, Phone: 514-702 7702 Fax: 514-254 5356 Web:www.zmtechscience.com