## Fast Blood Genomic DNA Extraction Kit (Cat. G217080)

#### **Product Information:**

Contents: Reagent-A (50mL), Reagent-B (25mL), Reagent-C (2.5mL), Reagent-D (25mL), DNA precipitation solution (50mL)

Catalog Number: G217080

Size: 100 extractions

**Storage Condition:** stored at -20°C **For research use only** 

# **Description:**

High-quality total genomic DNA (gDNA) is routinely extracted from anti-coagulated whole blood (EDTA or heparin), saliva, buccal swabs, or soft tissues, which might contain the bacteria, fungus, virus (HIV, HBV). The whole process in this kit provides a quick, easy and reliable method designed to remove the red blood cells (RBC), lysate all the nucleated cells (leukocytes), micro bacterial, fungus and viruses. The high-quality extracted genomic DNA is ideal for most PCR, southern blots, Microarray, restriction digestion and other diagnosis analysis.

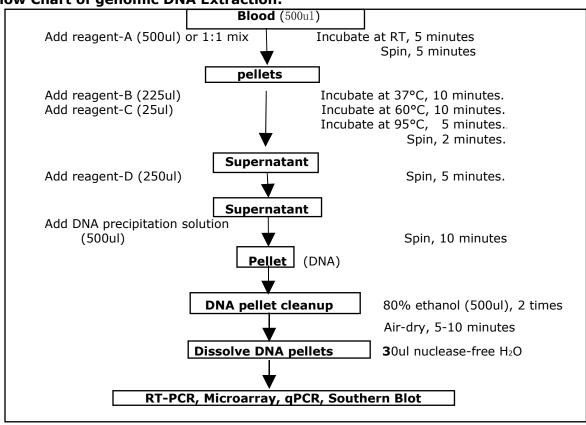
## **Key features:**

- 1. Obtain the highest yield and integrity of total genomic DNA from various blood sources within 1 hour.
- 2. No filter column or vacuum filtration is required, able to avoid the loss of small genomic DNA during extraction procedure.
- 3. No Phenol-Chloroform extraction and without using harmful chemicals.
- 4. High quality extracted DNA without RNA contamination, suitable for most downstream applications.

#### **Procedure:**

- 1. Add <u>500ul</u> **Reagent A** into a 1.5 ml centrifuge tube contained <u>500ul</u> anti-coagulated whole blood (EDTA or heparin). (Or 1:1 mix for large volume of blood). Simple vortex and incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- 2. Centrifuge at 12,000xg for 5 min to pellet the whole cells.
- 3. Discard the supernatant and add <u>225ul</u> reagent-B to resuspend the pellet.
- 4. Simple vortex and incubate for 10 minutes at 37°C.
- 5. Add <u>25ul</u> reagent-C into the sample tube and continue incubate for 10 minutes at 60°C.
- 6. Place the tube in a PCR machine (or water bath or block) and incubate at 95°C for 5 minutes.
- 7. Centrifuge at 12,000 xg for 2 minutes at 4°C and transfer the lysate supernatant into a clean tube.
- 8. Add <u>250ul</u> reagent-**D** into the lysate supernatant and mix by gently vortexing.
- 9. Centrifuge at 5,000 xg for 5 minutes at 4°C and transfer the lysate supernatant into a clean tube.
- 10. Add 500ul DNA precipitation solution (Cat. #: PS-01D) into the lysate supernatant.
- 11. Mix well by pipetting up and down several times and centrifuge at 12,000 xg for 10 minutes at 4°C.
- 12. Aspirate liquid and simply wash pellet with 500ul 80% ethanol for 2 times by filling the tube with the ethanol solution and then decanting to discard the solution (don't resuspend the DNA pellets). Centrifuge at highest speed ( $\sim$ 12,000 xg) for 10 minute at 4°C if the pellets are resuspended.
- 13. Air-dry pellet for 5-10 minutes and dissolve DNA in 30ul TE buffer or distilled water.
- 14. Centrifuge at 12,000 xg for 10 minutes at 4°C prior to measure the DNA concentration with 260/280nm. Store the genomic DNA solution at -20°C.
- 15. Pipette 0.5-1.5ul DNA solution into a 20ul PCR Master Mixture and run PCR/Real-Time PCR at thermal cycler.

# Flow Chart of genomic DNA Extraction:



#### Precautions and Disclaimer:

This product and procedure described are intended for R&D use only. Purchase of this product does not convey a license to perform any patented process.

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