## ZmTech<sub>®</sub> FFPE Tissue DNA Extraction Kit (Cat. FFPE-02D)

## Description:

- This kit is designed for extracting DNA from formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue samples (fresh/frozen tissues, glass slides and blocks) using a simple, rapid, environmental-friendly process without using vacuum filtration and toxic organic solvents such as xylene, phenol or chloroform, prepared for cloning, PCR, qPCR and other DNA assays.
- Key features:
- 1. Obtain highest yield and purity of total nucleic acid within 1.5 hour.
- 2. No filter column or toxic organic solvents required.

### Kit contains:

Optimization of zmtech FFPE tissue fast lysis buffers (A&B), including the tissue digestion reagents and a set of complete proteinase enzymes, able to rapidly lysate FFPE tissues and decrease the formalin-induced cross-linking in the sample. Zmtech DNA extraction reagent C, including the DNA precipitation reagents, DNase I inhibitors and PCR reaction enhancers, able to DNA clean-up and enhance PCR reactions.

## Kit storage:

| Component                         | Quantity (100 extracts) | Storage |  |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|--|
| Zmtech FFPE Tissue Lysis Buffer A | 20.0 mL                 | -20°C   |  |
| Zmtech FFPE Tissue Lysis Buffer B | 2.0 mL                  | -20°C   |  |
| Zmtech DNA extraction reagent C   | 20.0 mL                 | -20°C   |  |

# Additional Reagents required but not provided: Absolute ethanol and 75% ethanol

### **Protocol:**

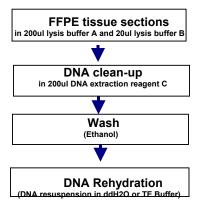
- 1. Prepare the FFPE sections approximately three or four 20um thick (or 10mg-50mg fresh/frozen paraformaldehyde fixed tissues) in a 1.5 ml clean microcentrifuge tube.
- 2. Add <u>200ul of Lysis Buffer A and 20ul Lysis buffer B</u> into the sample tube. Briefly mix by vortexing and incubate at <u>60°C for 20 minutes</u>. (Vortex for 5 seconds every 10 minutes)
- 3. Place the tube in a PCR machine (or water bath or block) and incubate at 95°C for 10 minutes.
- 4. Immediately centrifuge the heated sample tube at maximum speed for 3 minutes at 4°C.
- 5. Pipette the lysate solution into a new sterile/DNAse-free 1.5ml tube by penetrating the thin paraffin layer at the top and not disturbing the pellets (cell debris) at the bottom.
- 6. Centrifuge the lysate solution at 10,000xg for 5 minutes at 4°C. Transfer the supernatant into a new clear 1.5ml tube without disturbing the pellets (the remained cell debris, insoluble tissue fragments, RNA and polysaccharides) at the bottom.
- Add <u>200ul DNA extraction reagent C</u>, mix thoroughly by pipetting up and down.
  (This mixture may be used for running PCR reactions: Pipette 5-10 ul lysates into a 25ul PCR Master Mixture and run PCR/Real-Time qPCR at thermal cyclers.)
- 8. Add 100ul absolute Ethanol and place the tube on ice for 10 minutes.
- 9. Centrifuge at 14,000 xg for 10 minutes at 4°C. Carefully remove the supernatant, as the DNA pellet might translucent at the bottom of the tube.
- 10. Slowly add 500ul 75% ethanol into tube without resuspending the DNA pellet.



- 11. Centrifuge at 14,000 xg for 5 minutes at 4°C. Carefully remove the supernatant, as the DNA pellet might be loose.
- 12. Air dry the DNA pellet for 5-10 minutes and add 20ul sterile/DNAse-free ddH2O (or TE Buffer) for dissolving DNA. Determine the DNA concentration and purification by measure A260 / A280 with a spectrophotometer. (Store all the DNA extracts at -80°C or -20°C)

# **Technical Tips:**

- 1. Ensure the tissue samples are completely submerged in the reagent A and B at step 2. (Use roughly proportional volume of reagents for different sized samples)
- 2. If necessary, add 2ul β-mercaptoethanol into lysis buffer A or longer incubation at step 2. may completely digest the tissue samples and no loss of efficacy.
- 3. If no pellet is visible at step 9, add 1/10 volume 3M NaOAc, pH5.2 into the solution, mix well and chill at -20°C for overnight. Then, centrifuge one more time.
- 4. The DNA extractions using this kit are suitable to directly use for ligating and cloning without any further desalted process since no phenol/chloroform and other organic solvents are involved.
- 5. DNA pellets may be heated at 37°C for 30-60 minutes (or 55 °C for 10 minutes) to completely dissolved in water or TE buffer (10 mM Tris-Cl, pH 7.5; 1 mM EDTA).
- 6. Schematic of Zmtech FFPE tissue DNA extraction kit (FFPE-002D)



## **Precautions and Disclaimer:**

This product and procedure described are intended for R&D use only. Purchase of this product does not convey a license to perform any patented process.

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